## ?. Week 1 - City \& Health - Reviewing Lessons

Please discuss each question in your group and do the each word puzzle (the green cells). You have 15 min for each word puzzle.

## Word Puzzle [I]

1-The Age of Enlightenment and progress in science resulted in $\qquad$ In the $18^{\text {th }}$ century.
2-One of the problems with living condition in industrial cities.
3 -The first movement on improving health in the city (in the $19^{\text {th }}$ Century)
4-Aristotle believed that health is a $\qquad$ for the city.
5 -The need for $\qquad$ Was realised after the cholera epidemic in England, in 1832.
6-A traditional terms that refers to the spread of disease by 'bad air'
7-In the great fire of London, the reason behind spreading fire across a large urban area was ..... distances between buildings.
8- $\qquad$ Discussed that artificial things in the city impact people's mental and nervous system and ultimately on entire constitutional organisation.
9-2500 years ago, $\qquad$ advocated an ecological perspective and discussed the effects of air and water, climate, housing conditions, social patterns and cultural norms, on health and well-being.
10- "Health is a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the $\qquad$ of disease or infirmity"
11- Aim of urban planning and design is improving people's $\qquad$ of life.
12- Health is the $\qquad$ for every human being.
13- The incident that immediately happened after The Great Plague of London 1665-1666
14- Known as the father of epidemiology
15- One of the worst pandemic of human history in the 14 century.

Word Puzzle [I]


## Word Puzzle [II]

1) A physician who is the author of a book titled: Hygeia: A City of Health
2) The factors that cause (or influence) the health outcomes.
3) One of the Healthy cities principles:
4) Gender is considered as an $\qquad$ factor influencing on health.
5) He believed that town and country should marry.
6) $\qquad$ disease is transmitted from a human, or animal, or through water and food, to human.
7) $\qquad$ nurture healthy people.
8)A type of disease that is associated with wealth, personal behaviour, junk food, food marketing practices \& poorly regulated industries
9)A pedestrian had an accident with a car and he has to stay in hospital for his broken leg. What type of health outcome is discussed in this scenario?
8) Jane Jacobs supported the idea of $\qquad$ urban life
9) A measure of overall disease burden, expressed as the cumulative number of years lost due to ill-health, disability or early death
10) Cerdà's considered inequality and based on his idea, all residents exposed to the $\qquad$ hygienic conditions.
11) $\qquad$ health is the most important factor related to individual happiness.
12) There are $\qquad$ Types of health outcomes.
13) $\qquad$ diseases cannot be transmitted from one person to another person and are not infectious.

Word Puzzle [II]


